

Kebilidi (eladocagene exuparvovec-tneq)

July 6, 2026

Kebilidi (eladocagene exuparvovec-tneq) is an adeno-associated virus (AAV) vector-based gene therapy indicated to treat adult and pediatric patients with aromatic L-amino acid decarboxylase (AADC) deficiency.

Authorization requirements

- Prior authorization is required for Kebilidi (eladocagene exuparvovec-tneq).
- The prior authorization request for a single dose of intraputaminial infusion of Kebilidi may be approved for a duration of 12 months for patients who meet the following requirements:
 - a. The patient is 16 months or older.
 - b. The patient has a confirmed diagnosis of AADC deficiency (diagnosis code: E70.81).
 - c. The patient has presence of biallelic mutations in the *DDC* gene identified by molecular genetic testing.
 - d. Documentation of skull assessment confirming the patient has achieved skull maturity by neuroimaging, necessary for stereotactic neurosurgical administration of Kebilidi therapy.
 - e. The patient has not previously received Kebilidi infusion for AADC deficiency.
- Eladocagene exuparvovec-tneq (Kebilidi) (procedure code J3590) is limited to once per lifetime.
- Monitoring parameters:
 - a. Monitor for post-procedural complications, which may include events of respiratory and cardiac arrest after Kebilidi administration.
 - b. Monitor for additional procedure related adverse events, such as cerebrospinal fluid leak, intracranial bleeding, neuroinflammation, acute infarction, and infection.
 - c. Monitor for signs of dyskinesia or involuntary movements of face, arm, leg or the entire body (fidgeting, writhing, wriggling, head bobbing or body swaying) after administration of Kebilidi.